

Communication and Language Top Tips: **Use your best language**

It's better to speak to your child in your best language. The one you are most confident in speaking.



Children gain a deeper understanding of language if their family speak to them and each other in their fluent home language.



Read



- Read to your children in your best language.
- If you can't read in your home language, or the language doesn't have a written form, look at the pictures together.

Scan QR code or click the link to see the video:
[How can I develop language in a bilingual household?](#)

Talk



- Use your best language to talk to your child about everyday activities like shopping, and share poems, stories, songs, books, and games.

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[Talk to baby in different languages](#)

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Did you know...

There's no need to use the language your child will be educated in at home (e.g., English in nursery and school). They will get enough exposure at school to this language and learn it at a rapid pace.

Your home and community might be the only places your child will hear their home language(s), so it's best to use it as much as possible.

Learning more than one language has many benefits for young children. They'll have more brain connections and activity in the areas of the brain related to memory, attention, and language.

It's better to speak to your children in the languages that you speak at home as they're more likely to pick these up early on.

Make it meaningful



- Find social opportunities for your children to use their languages; they could join a group or visit friends and relatives.

Scan QR code or click the link to see the video:
[How grandparents can help children practise languages](#)

Have fun



- Play fun bilingual games with your child to encourage them to take control and use both languages.

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[Bilingual games for toddlers: 10 fun and easy ways to help speech development through play](#)

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